

CHAPEL-EN-LE-FRITH
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



Annual Report

OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER
OF HEALTH
AND
PUBLIC HEALTH
INSPECTOR.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1964

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

Medical Officer of Health:

F.D.F. STEEDE, M.B.,B.Ch.,D.P.H.
(Resigned 31st October, 1964)

Acting Medical Officer of Health:

G. COCHRANE, M.A.,M.B.,Ch.B.,D.P.H.
(Commenced 1st November, 1964)

(Also Medical Officer of Health to Buxton M.B.,
and Whaley Bridge U.D.C.)

Public Health Department, Town Hall, Buxton.
Telephone: Buxton 2061

Engineer, Surveyor and Chief Public Health Inspector:

W.E. COLSTON, F.R.S.H.,M.Inst.P.H.E.
(Cert. Inspector of Meat and Other Foods).

Public Health Inspectors:

W.L. THORP, M.R.S.H.,M.A.P.H.I.,A.M.Inst.P.H.E.
(Cert. Inspector of Meat and Other Foods).

P. TELFORD, A.R.S.H.,M.A.P.H.I.
(Cert. Inspector of Meat and Other Foods).

Pupil Public Health Inspector:

M.J. LEE

Council Offices, Hayfield Road, Chapel-en-le-Frith.
Telephone: Chinley 357

Committees concerned with Public Health:

General Purposes Committee.
Housing and Planning Committee.

CHAPEL-EN-LE-FRITH RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
For the Year 1964

Public Health Department,
Town Hall,

Buxton,
Derbyshire.

Tel. No. Buxton 2061

To the Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report for the year 1964. Dr. F.D.F. Steede was your Medical Officer until he resigned on the 31st October, 1964. The Acting Medical Officer of Health for the remaining months was Dr. George Cochrane, who came out of retirement to fill the gap.

This year the Adjusted Death, the Infant Mortality and Stillbirth Rates are all below the National Average. The Adjusted Birth Rate is again below the National Average.

The water undertaking is administered by the North Derbyshire Water Board. Results of sampling are sent regularly to this office and the closest co-operation has been maintained.

Of the few notifiable diseases notified during the year, measles was the most prevalent and most of these cases occurred, as would be expected, in the 5 - 6 year age group.

The Mass Radiography Unit made its second visit to the villages of Castleton, Hope and Bamford and the works of Messrs. G. & T. Earle Ltd., during August. The previous visit was in June, 1960.

Out of a total of 770 persons X-rayed 11 abnormalities were detected as follows :-

	Males	Females	Total
Tuberculosis requiring occasional supervision	2	-	2
Non-malignant neoplasms	1	-	1
Acquired cardiac abnormalities	1	-	1
Congenital abnormalities of bony thorax	1	-	1
Acquired abnormalities of bony thorax	1	-	1
Bacterial and virus infections of lungs	1	-	1
Emphysema	1	-	1
Fibrosis	2	-	2
Miscellaneous	-	1	1
	10	1	11

The Medical Director to the Unit comments that the small numbers involved rendered comparisons of tuberculous incidence rates with those in other surveys unreliable, but the lack of positive results suggests that future surveys will have to be held at longer intervals and the time saved used in visiting more productive industrial areas.

All the abnormal cases were referred to their own doctors, the majority for further investigations at chest clinics in the Sheffield area, because the transport facilities were more convenient for visiting that area rather than Stockport or Buxton.

A total of 2,207 meals were provided to the elderly and infirm during the year. This most useful service is provided by the W.V.S., and the meals are cooked in the canteen of Messrs. Ferodo Limited. My most grateful thanks are due to them.

Dr. Steede and Dr. Cochrane have asked me, on their behalf to thank all members of the Council, the Officers, and the General Practitioners for their help and kindness during the year. In particular they would like to thank Mr. Colston and all members of the Health Department for their loyalty and co-operation.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient servant,

H.E. NUTTEN

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Statistics:

Total Area	103,393 acres
Population (Census 1961)	18,366
Estimated Population (Registrar General 1964)	18,160
No. of Inhabited Houses	6,445
Rateable Value (1.4.64)	£980,459
Estimated Net product of a 1d Rate	£3,831

Vital Statistics

<u>Vital Statistics</u>		M.	F.	
<u>Live Births</u>	- Legitimate	132	155	287
	Illegitimate	5	3	8
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	Total	137	158	295

Live Birth rate per 1,000 population	16.06
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Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births	2.71
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<u>Stillbirths</u>	- Legitimate	-	1	1
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
	Total	-	1	1

Stillbirth rate per 1,000 live and stillbirths	3.38
--	------

[illegible][illegible]

Death rate per 1,000 population	12.19
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Infant Deaths (Under one year of age)	Legitimate	1	3	4
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
		<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
	Total	1	3	4

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	13.56
---	-------

Leg.	"	"	"	"	legitimate live births	. . . .	13.94
Illeg.	"	"	"	"	illegitimate " "	. . . .	-

	M.	F.	T.
Neonatal Deaths (Under four weeks) - Legitimate	1	1	2
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Neonatal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	6.8
---	-----

		M.	F.	
Early neonatal deaths (Under one week)	Legitimate	1	1	2
	Illegitimate	-	-	-

<u>Early Neonatal Mortality Rate</u> per 1,000 live births	6.8
--	-----

<u>Perinatal Mortality Rate</u> (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live & stillbirths)	10.1
--	------

Maternal deaths (including abortion)	1
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Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and stillbirths	3.4
--	-----

	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964
Infant Deaths	5	9	8	6	4
Infant Mortality Rate	20.1	28.3	29.7	20.8	13.56

CAUSES OF DEATH IN CHAPEL-EN-LE-FRITH RURAL DISTRICT DURING YEAR 1964.

Causes of Death						Males	Females	Total
All Causes	...	...	...	...	...	126	98	224
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	..	...			1	-	1
2.	Tuberculosis, other	...	...	...		-	-	-
3.	Syphilitic disease	...	...	...		1	-	1
4.	Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
5.	Whooping Cough	.	...	...	...	-	-	-
6.	Meningococcal Infections		...	...		-	-	-
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	...	...	...		-	-	-
8.	Measles	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases					-	-	-
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach		...			2	1	3
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus					6	-	6
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	..	...			-	3	3
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	..	...			-	1	1
14.	Other Malignant and lymphatic neoplasms					14	8	22
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	.	...	...		1	-	1
16.	Diabetes	..	...	...	...	1	3	4
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system					17	22	39
18.	Coronary disease, angina	...	...			47	15	62
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	...				1	1	2
20.	Other heart disease	...	...	...		11	17	28
21.	Other circulatory disease	...	...			5	8	13
22.	Influenza	..	...	...	...	-	-	-
23.	Pneumonia	.	...	...	...	2	4	6
24.	Bronchitis	...	...	...	...	4	-	4
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system					1	1	2
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	...				-	-	-
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	.				-	1	1
28.	Nephritis and Nephrosis	...	...			2	1	3
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	...	...			-	-	-
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	...				-	1	1
31.	Congenital Malformations	...	...			1	-	1
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases					7	8	15
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	...	...			-	1	1
34.	All other accidents	...	...	...		-	2	2
35.	Suicide	..	...	...	...	2	-	2
36.	Homicide and operations of war	...				-	-	-

Comparison with England and Wales

	Per 1000 Population		Per 1000 Live Births	Per 1000 Total Births
	Live Births (Adjusted)	Death Rate (Adjusted)	Infantile Mortality	Stillbirths
Chapel-en-le-Frith	17.8	11.09	13.56	3.38
England and Wales	18.4	11.3	20.0	16.3

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

(a) Laboratory Facilities: Pathological and Bacteriological investigations are carried out at the County Public Health Laboratory, 121a, Osmaston Road, Derby (Tel. Derby 45597). Chemical analysis is carried out at the County Analyst's Department, Matlock (Tel. Matlock 3411).

(b) Ambulance Facilities: This is a County Council service with an ambulance stationed at -

Park Road, Buxton (Tel. 3551)
Park Road, New Mills (Tel. 3333)
Talbot House, Talbot Road, Glossop (Tel. 3101).

(c) Nursing in the Home: This service is administered by the County Council.

(d) Clinics and Treatment Centres:-

<u>Name & Situation</u>	<u>Clinic held</u>	<u>By whom provided</u>
Maternity & Child Welfare Bath Road, Buxton.	Mon. 1.30-4.15 Wed. 1.30-4.15	Derbys. County Council
Harpur Hill Institute	1st & 3rd Tues. each month.	-do-
George Street, Glossop.	Tues. & Thurs. 1.30-4.15	-do-
Old Canteen Hut, Eccles Road, Chapel.	Thurs. 1.30-4	-do-
County Clinic, Lower Lane, Chinley.	1st & 3rd Mon. 1.30-4.15	-do-
Wesleyan Methodist Church, Hayfield.	1st & 3rd Tues. each month 1.30-4.15	-do-
Memorial Church Hall, Bamford.	2nd & 4th Fri. each month 1.30-4.15	-do-
Ante-natal Clinic, Bath Road, Buxton.	1st & 3rd Tues. each month	-do-
George Street, Glossop	2nd & 4th Mon. each month	-do-
Eye Clinic, Bath Road, Buxton.	Mon. a.m.	-do-
High Lea Hall, New Mills.	4th Tues. each month	-do-
Minor Ailment Clinic, Bath Road, Buxton.	Wed. a.m.	-do-
George Street, Glossop.	Mon.-Fri., a.m.	-do-
High Lea Hall, New Mills.	4th Sat. each month	-do-
Lower Lane, Chinley.	1st, 3rd & 5th Sat. each month	-do-
Chest Clinic, Great Egerton Street, Stockport.	Mon. 2-4	Regional Hospital Board
Lees Street, Ashton-under-Lyne.	Tues., Wed. & Fri. by appointment	-do-
51, Queen's Road, Sheffield.	Mon. - Fri. by appointment.	-do-
Venereal Disease Clinic, St. Thomas' Hospital, Shaw Heath, Stockport.	Mon., Wed. & Fri.	-do-

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948, SECTION 47
AS AMENDED BY THE NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951.

No action was taken under these powers.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER TUBERCULOSIS

Number of cases notified during the year 3
Pulmonary 2
Non-pulmonary 1

There was one death from tuberculosis of the respiratory system and none from non-pulmonary form occurred.

In case of death or removal the house is disinfected.

The methods of control are :

- (a) Sanatorium treatment administered by the Regional Hospital Board.
- (b) The Chest Clinics at Stockport, Ashton-under-Lyne and Sheffield.

TUBERCULOSIS

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1964

Age Periods	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
55	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & Upwards	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Totals	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES FOR THE YEAR 1964

Disease	Total Cases Notified (all ages)	Admitted to Hospital	Total Deaths	Analysis of Total Cases in age groups												
				Under One Year	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-9	10-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-59	60 and over	Age Unknown
Acute Poliomyelitis . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.S. Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	136	-	-	-	3	12	26	12	69	2	1	-	-	-	-	2
Whooping Cough	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply

The local rainfall statistics are as follows :-

	<u>1963</u>	<u>1964</u>	
January	1.25	1.76	
February	1.77	1.75	
March	4.09	4.25	
April	3.45	3.34	
May	4.00	3.7	
June	4.53	3.1	
July	2.50	5.0	
August	5.97	3.1	
September	5.24	2.5	
October	3.35	2.96	
November	6.75	3.43	
December	1.05	7.0	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	
	43.95	41.89	inches
	<hr/>	<hr/>	

Water Supplies

The supplying authority to the area is The North Derbyshire Water Board.

- (a) (1) The supply sources to the area are numerous springs and surface waters in addition to a Bulk Supply from Derwent Valley Water Board.
All supplies are chlorinated.
- (2) The quantity proved adequate no restrictions being imposed.
- (b) Chemical and Bacteriological analyses are carried out in the Board's Laboratories. All raw treated and distributed waters being examined at least monthly. The total number of examinations involved in 1964 were :-
- | | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| Bacteriological | 612 |
| Chemical | 25 |

Bacteriological results on treated waters were generally satisfactory.

Chemical results, in view of the number of sources involved, vary considerably with location approximate limits of variation being :-

pH	6.2	7.5
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	5	22.5
Hardness (CaCO ₃)	35	150
Chloride (Cl)	11.0	15.0

- (c) Several of the small spring supplies are potentially plumbo-solvent.
- (d) Before being brought into use all new mains were washed out, sterilized, and samples taken to ensure satisfactory bacteriological and physical results.

Unsatisfactory bacteriological results on samples from Moorlands Reservoir, Birch Vale led to its removal from service to facilitate cleaning.

No action was necessary in respect of any other form of post treatment contamination.

Monthly reports of current Bacteriological and Physical results on treated waters were forwarded to the Medical Officer of Health.

The following table gives estimated figures for the number of dwelling houses, by parishes supplied by mains water and the number on private supply.

	PUBLIC SUPPLY		PRIVATE SUPPLY	
	No. of Dwellings	Estimated Population	No. of Dwellings	Estimated Population
Aston	26	59	4	10
Bamford ...	375	1058	5	19
Brough & Shatton	46	135	4	10
Castleton ...	200	636	8	35
Chapel-en-le-Frith	2174	6230	82	185
Charlesworth	362	1027	51	137
Chinley, Buxworth & Brownside ...	731	2022	25	70
Chisworth ...	54	149	33	81
Derwent ...	-	-	23	58
Edale	92	264	25	87
Green Fairfield	30	104	12	36
Hartington-Upper-Quarter ...	131	421	40	136
Hayfield ...	867	2333	30	131
Hope	300	780	12	40
Hope Woodlands	-	-	24	81
King Sterndale	-	-	46	136
Peak Forest ..	100	278	9	35
Thornhill ...	53	156	4	13
Wormhill ...	454	1158	13	50
TOTALS ...	5995	16810	450	1350

Private Supplies

Twenty-five bacteriological samples were taken from private supplies, eight were satisfactory, seventeen unsatisfactory. Where adverse results were reported the occupiers were advised to boil all drinking water.

New works completed during 1964

Estate Roads

Weaving Avenue Extension Castleton.	840 y.s. Roads (1st stage)
	109 y.s. Footpaths (complete)
Eccles Close, Hope.	1708 y.s. Roads (1st stage)
Rhuddlan Place, Chinley.	833 y.s. Roads (complete)
	328 y.s. Footpaths (complete)

Public Conveniences

It is the established policy of the District Council to construct one public convenience per year to cater for the increasing tourist popularity of the High Peak, a large portion of which is in the Peak National Park. It is salutary to note, and a depressing comment on youthful standards of behaviour that the damage to these conveniences is regular and considerable.

Drainage and Sewerage

The parishes of Chapel-en-le-Frith (including Dove Holes), Chinley, Hayfield, Charlesworth, Castleton, Hope, Bamford, Edale and the hamlets of Simmondley and Barber Booth are provided with sewerage schemes.

During the autumn, the main disposal works for Chapel-en-le-Frith were completed and brought into operation.

An ejector station for a high level area of Dove Holes was completed in January, 1964. This replaced a length of suspended sewer damaged in the severe frost of 1962/63.

Premises in the Rural District connected to sewer ...	...	5074
Premises in the Rural District not connected to sewer ...	...	1371
Number of connections made during the year :		
(a) Existing houses ...	...	6
(b) New houses ...	...	124
Number of conversions of other closets to W.C's ..		15

Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960

The above Act which came into operation on 29th August, 1960 is administered in close collaboration with the two Local Planning Authorities.

There were 47 caravan sites at the 31st December, 1964 containing 173 caravans.

Of these, 31 sites containing 156 caravans were entirely used for week-end and holiday purposes. 16 sites containing 17 caravans were in use as residential accommodation. The effect of administration of the Act has been to secure a reduction in the number of sites and those qualifying for licences all comply with standard conditions. There remains sites used for caravans and tented accommodation for casual periods; the former for 28 days in aggregate in twelve months, and the latter for not more than 42 consecutive days or 60 days in aggregate in one year. It is well understood by members that normally there is no legislative control over such limited use and this is merely mentioned as an explanation why, at holiday periods especially, many fields not licensed specifically have caravans and tents in scattered situations in excess of the number licensed in a village.

Nevertheless, where an excessive number of tents appear in fields, as sometimes happens at holiday periods and obviously ill-equipped so that the elements of hygiene are ignored, then a complaint to the Justices in terms of Section 268, Public Health Act, 1936 should follow.

Refuse Collection

Refuse from most premises in the Rural District is collected once weekly and disposed of at strategic disposal points. The incentive bonus scheme introduced in 1960 has continued to achieve good results. Consequently, very regular removal of refuse from premises remains the rule and an indication of the efficiency of the service.

The costs for the financial year ended 31st March, 1965 are analysed below :

Refuse Collection

	£
1) Labour	10,054
2) Maintenance of vehicles & running expenses	2,861
3) Rates	105
	<hr/>
	13,020
Income	16
	<hr/>
	13,004
	<hr/>

Refuse Disposal

1) Labour	1,640
2) Maintenance of tips and equipment	414
	<hr/>
	2,054
	<hr/>

Total Gross Expenditure

Collection	13,004
Disposal	2,054
	<hr/>
	15,058
	<hr/>

Annual Unit Costs

Per ton	(Collection	46s. 11d
	(Disposal	7s. 5d
Per 1000 Population	(Collection	£ 718
	(Disposal	£ 113
Per 1000 Premises	(Collection	£2,020
	(Disposal	£ 318

Statutory Notices

Two Statutory Notices were served under the Public Health Act, 1936. Both were complied with during the year.

Legal proceedings

It was necessary to institute legal proceedings on two occasions during the year. One in respect of non-compliance with an Abatement Notice, resulted in an Order being made by the Magistrates which was subsequently complied with. The other, a Building Byelaw contravention prosecution, resulted in an Order being made to comply with the Byelaws and remedial work was duly carried out.

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

By the co-operation of a neighbouring Authority the services of a rodent operative are used part time to treat all infestations in the area. It was only necessary to treat the sewers once during the year, as most systems were found to be completely clear of infestation.

In a total of 870 properties inspected during the year 173 treatments were made by the operative, a charge being made for the service at all trade premises.

Swimming Pools

There were two privately owned swimming pools open to the general public last summer, one at Park Hall, Hayfield, the other at the Rising Sun Hotel, Bamford.

The Hayfield pool is filled with water from a moorland stream. Treatment is by slow sand filter and injection of chlorine gas, the water being changed once every two weeks.

The Bamford pool is filled from a private spring supply and treatment is by a Bell's plant, including pressure filter and injection of chlorine gas.

Both pools were sampled during the season and all samples taken from inlet and outlet ends were satisfactory.

Petroleum (Consolidated) Act, 1928

Routine work of inspection of installations has continued during the year, and at the 31st December 76 petroleum licences were in force. The two public health inspectors act also as Petroleum Officers and work in close collaboration with the Fire Prevention Department of the Fire Authority.

Clean Air Act, 1956

It is gratifying to note that most of the industrial premises now have plant capable of compliance with the Act and no complaints were received during the year in respect of premises to which the provisions of the Act applies.

No applications were received for prior approval under Section 3, of the above Act.

During the year under review close liaison was maintained on the problem of smoke emission from scheduled industries between officers of the public health authority and the Alkali Inspectorate.

National Survey of Air Pollution

An area of the Rural District has been selected as a control point in the National Survey of Air Pollution. Two testing Stations have been established, one in the centre of Hayfield and another at Kinder Filter House. Both Stations measure daily the degree of atmospheric pollution occurring and the readings commenced in December, 1964. A year's figures will be published in the report for 1965.

H O U S I N G

The number of new houses completed during the year is as follows :-

Erected by Local Authority	52
Erected by private enterprise	75

Houses owned by the Council :-

<u>Scheme</u>	<u>No. of Houses</u>
1919	133
1923	20
1924	80
1936	8
1938	10
1944	50
1946	506
1956	36
1961	32
* 1963	37
1964	52
	<hr/>
	964

* including 15 houses purchased & improved.

Houses purchased :-

Brick Row, Dove Holes	20 (for demolition)
	<hr/>
TOTAL ...	984
	<hr/>

Position at 31st December, 1964 :-

Completed since 1/4/45	674
Under construction	32

Private Building Position at 31st December, 1964 :-

Completed since 1/3/45	456
Under construction	82

Housing Act, 1957 - Unfit Houses

No. of houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	1
No. of houses in respect of which Undertakings were accepted	3
No. of houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made	3
No. of houses demolished ...	20

There were no cases of statutory overcrowding during the year.

HOUSING ACT, 1957 - SLUM CLEARANCE AREAS

Description of Area	No. of Houses	Total No. of Persons displaced	Total No. to be Re-housed by Council or privately	Position at 31.12.64
Chapel-en-le-Frith (Moorside, Old Glossop) No. 3 Clearance Order, 1959	5	18	-	Order confirmed 25th July, 1960. All dwellings empty. Negotiations now proceeding for part demolition and part reconditioning.
Chapel-en-le-Frith (new York) No. 4 Clearance Order, 1959.	18	41	-	Order confirmed 13th September, 1960. Demolition completed during year under review.
TOTAL	35	90	-	

SLUM CLEARANCE - PROGRESS REPORT TO 31st December, 1964.

Parish or Ward	Houses originally included	Houses subsequently included	Total	Dealt with by formal or informal action	Not yet dealt with	Re-housed by the Council
Aston and Hope
Bamford
Brough, Shatton & Thornhill
Castleton
Chapel-en-le-Frith
Dove Holes
Charlesworth
Chinley, Buxworth
Chisworth
Derwent
Edale
Hartington-u-Quarter
Hayfield
Hope Woodlands
King Sterndale
Peak Forest
Green Fairfield
Wormhill
TOTALS	139	139	278	266	12	71

Improvement Grants

Summary of applications received during the period 1954 - 1964 :-

Year	Applications		Total	Refused or not Proceeded with	Works Carried out or in hand
	Discretionary	Standard			
1954	4	-	4	2	2
1955	25	-	25	3	22
1956	21	-	21	2	19
1957	19	-	19	8	11
1958	17	-	17	1	16
1959	30	26	56	8	48
1960	44	49	93	-	93
1961	35	35	70	6	64
1962	32	34	66	4	62
1963	27	54	81	2	79
1964	30	46	76	5	71
TOTALS	284	244	528	41	487

Total amount approved during 1964 for Standard Grants = £5225

Total amount approved during 1964 for Discretionary Grants = £6324

Rent Act, 1957 - Certificates of Disrepair

No Certificates of Disrepair were issued during the year.

Common Lodging Houses

There are no common lodging houses in the Rural District.

NOISE ABATEMENT ACT, 1960

No action was necessary under this Act during the year under review.

(A) Food Hygiene Regulations, 1960

Regular inspections of food premises have been carried out as set out in the table below :-

Type of Business	No. in Area	Inspections Made
Cafes	20	35
Licensed Premises	59	87
Grocery	71	74
Greengrocery/Fish . . .	30	24
Confectionery (with Bakehouse)	4	10
Sweets and Confectionery ..	20	24
Butcher	16	48
Fish and Chips	8	15
TOTALS	228	317

No. of premises registered for the sale of ice-cream under Section 16, Food and Drugs Act, 1955 68

No. of inspections of registered premises 54

No. of premises registered for the preparation or manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food intended for sale 6

Ice Cream (Heat Treatment, etc.) Regulations, 1947-52

There are no premises in the Rural District to which the above Regulations apply.

Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963

There are no egg pasteurisation plants within the Rural District.

(B) Milk SupplyMilk (Special Designation)(Pasteurised and Sterilized Milk) Regulations, 1963

The following samples have been taken by the County Health Department during 1964 :-

Designation	Test	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Raw Milk T.T.	Methylene Blue	+ 2	-
	Biological	13	-
T.T. Pasteurised	Methylene Blue	* 24	1
T.T. Pasteurised	Phosphatase	32	-
Pasteurised	Methylene Blue	-	-
Pasteurised	Phosphatase	-	-
Sterilized	Turbidity	3	-

Samples taken at Pasteurising Plant :

T.T. Pasteurised	Methylene Blue	∅ 16	-
T.T. Pasteurised	Phosphatase	18	-

+ 1 Sample not tested - temperature exceeded 70°F.

* 7 Samples not tested - temperature exceeded 70°F.

∅ 2 Samples not tested - temperature exceeded 70°F.

Brucella Abortus Samples

	Ring Test		Culture	
	+	-	+	-
Samples in Bulk	3	31	-	34
Individual Samples	25	132	4	107
TOTALS	28	163	4	141

Where positive cultures were obtained, all of which were from one herd, the milk was duly sent for pasteurisation. In a further case where a cow gave a positive ring test the cow went for slaughter.

(C) Slaughter of Animals Acts and Regulations

There are 21 licensed slaughtermen operating in the Rural District.

Slaughterhouses Act, 1958

There is one slaughterhouse in service, fully complying with the Slaughterhouses (Hygiene) Regulations, 1958 and maintained in a satisfactory condition. In addition a consent exists for one additional slaughterhouse.

(D) Surrender of Foodstuffs

FOODSTUFFS	Tins/Bottles/ Packs/Boxes	Weight (to nearest lb.)
Ham	4	15 lbs.
Other Meat Products	2	2 lbs.
Fruit and Vegetables	-	-
Milk Products	4	2 lbs.
Fish	-	-

(E) Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963

The following tables show the number of premises registered under the above Act at the 31st December, 1964, together with the number of persons employed in these premises.

TABLE A - Registrations and General Inspections

Class of premises	No. of premises registered during the year	Total No. of registered premises at end of year	No. of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	161	161	-
Retail Shops ...	81	81	-
Wholesale shops, warehouses ..	8	8	-
Catering establishments open to public, canteens	28	28	-
Fuel storage depots	4	4	-

TABLE B - Number of visits of all kinds by Inspectors to registered premises
= 86

TABLE C - Analysis of persons employed in registered premises by workplace

Class of workplace	No. of persons employed
Offices	127
Retail Shops	228
Wholesale departments, warehouses	14
Catering establishments open to public	186
Canteens	-
Fuel Storage Depots	11
TOTAL Males 248 Females 318	566

CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN

PART

	Cattle exclud- ing cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed (if known)	689	98	24	3640	1024	-
Number inspected	689	98	24	3640	1024	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cystercerci</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	1	6	13	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	30	6	1	63	19	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cystercerci	4.35%	7.14%	29.16%	2.09%	1.85%	
<u>Tuberculosis only:</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	6	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	0.58%	-
<u>Cystercercosis</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

This table again reflects much credit on the Inspection Officers, showing as it does 100% record of carcase and offal examination performed habitually only by a sacrifice of private leisure.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

The following is the form of report required by the Minister of Labour and National Service as set out in Form 572 (Revised)

PART I OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for purpose of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspector).

Premises (1)	Number on (2)	Number of		Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	1	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	87	44	1	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	7	10	-	-
TOTAL	95	55	1	-

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND :-

Particulars (1)	No. of cases in which defects were found				No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred		
			to H.M. Inspector (4)	by H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	1	-	1	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Convenience (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	1	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2	-	1	-	-

There are two outworkers on the register.

